



COLEGIO INGLÉS

— DE PUEBLA —

English Test for 6th Grade

Name: _____ Date: _____
Time you begin: _____ Time you finish: _____

Read each text. Then fill in the circle that best completes each sentence or answers each question.

- A. *Did you know that giant otters live in South America's Amazon region? These water-loving creatures can grow as long as six feet. They prowl in the Amazon in packs. Banding together helps them hunt for fish and protect their babies from crocodiles. Giant otters also speak their own unique language. Whistles, whines, squeals, and snorts are all part of the otter's vocabulary. Each sound means a different thing. If a giant otter thinks a human hunter is getting too close, it will snort "pffftt"! This sound warns other otters of danger. Giant otters have to warn each other a lot. Because of hunting, there are now only about 4,000 of these creatures left.*

1. How do giant otters warn each other about hunters?
 - A. They snort.
 - B. They squeal.
 - C. They whistle.
 - D. They whine.

2. In this passage, the word prowl means
 - A. live
 - B. die
 - C. move through
 - D. collect

3. Why are there only 4,000 giant otters left?
 - A. The crocodiles have eaten many of them.
 - B. Many of them have been hunted.
 - C. Their language is very hard to learn.
 - D. The Amazon region is being polluted.

- B. *In Bunol, Spain, the term "food fight" takes on a whole new meaning. Bunol is the site of an Annual tomato fight, known as the Tomatina. Each year, on the last Wednesday in August, the people of Bunol pelt each other with tomatoes. About 20,000 people take part. Many of them are kids. Over 240,000 pounds of tomatoes are thrown. After the fight ends, the town is covered in tomato juice, pulp, and seeds. But the mess isn't left for someone else to take care of. The fighters who made the mess actually get together to clean it up. They don't make tomato sauce with what remains on the streets of their town. They just return the streets to their original state.*

1. How many tomatoes are used in the tomato fight?
 - A. 20 pounds
 - B. 200 pounds
 - C. 20,000 pounds
 - D. 240,000 pounds

2. In this text, the word annual means

- A. large
- B. amazing
- C. yearly
- D. monthly

3. What is the best title for this passage?

- A. "A Real Food Fight"
- B. "All About Tomatoes"
- C. "Bunol- A Quiet Town"
- D. "Spanish Food"

C. *At 29,028 feet, the peak of Mount Everest is the highest place on Earth. It used to be a tough place to get to. Everest is set deep in the Himalayan Mountains. It sits on the border between Nepal and China. For centuries, people had to work hard just to reach the mountain, never mind climb it.*

In 1953, Edmund Hillary and Tenzing Norgay became the first people to climb Mount Everest. Since, then, thousands of others have tried to climb it. Many fail. But they still claim that the experience is unique and incredible.

Now some people are saying that Everest is too dangerous for most climbers. The facts back them up. Many Everest climbers die in the attempt. People are also saying that the environment of Everest can't support so many climbers. Climbers use up valuable natural resources, and they leave behind a lot of trash.

1. Why was Everest a tough place to get to?

- A. It sits on a border.
- B. It lies deep in the Himalayas.
- C. Its peak is the highest on Earth.
- D. People die climbing it.

2. Which of the following is an opinion?

- A. Many Everest climbers die trying to climb the mountain.
- B. Mount Everest is the highest place on Earth.
- C. Climbing Everest is an incredible experience.
- D. Everest sits on a border.

3. From this passage you can conclude that

- A. Everest is very difficult to climb.
- B. Tenzing Norgay died climbing Mount Everest.
- C. It's easy to collect the trash on Everest.
- D. Edmund Hillary didn't want others to climb Everest.

D. In each of the following paragraphs, a word is missing. First, read each paragraph. Then chose the missing word from the list beneath the paragraph. Fill in the circle next to the word that is missing.

1. When airplanes were first _____ they were small and relatively slow. However, today's jets can go very fast. Some go faster than the speed of sound!

- A. improved
- B. repaired
- C. searched
- D. invented

2. One thing that hasn't changed is the seriousness of a pilot's job. A pilot should never be _____. Doing careless or dangerous things risks lives.

- A. reckless
- B. accurate
- C. energetic
- D. strict

3. Passengers are certainly more comfortable than they used to be. Old jet planes were very noisy. People used to wear earplugs to keep out the _____.

- A. filth
- B. music
- C. din
- D. moisture

4. Airports have changed, too. Passengers used to walk onto the runway when getting on and off the plane. Now, upon _____, the plane parks at a gate that leads right inside the airport.

- A. transportation
- B. landscape
- C. publication
- D. arrival

5. _____ handling has really improved as well. These days people wait a much shorter time to pick up their suitcases after a flight.

- A. Security
- B. Disturbance
- C. Refund
- D. Baggage

6. Many people would say that having chocolate cake for _____ is a great treat. They can't think of a better way to end dinner.
- A. lunch
 - B. delightful
 - C. dessert
 - D. menu
7. It's rare that people will leave even a _____ of chocolate cake on their plates. They want to eat every bite.
- A. morsel
 - B. meager
 - C. mortal
 - D. variety
8. For them, a delicious chocolate cake is absolute _____. Nothing could make it better.
- A. elegant
 - B. perfection
 - C. keen
 - D. perilous
9. Chocolate is native to the Americas. Its _____ smell has been making people's mouth's water for a long time.
- A. unpleasant
 - B. delightful
 - C. amusing
 - D. entertaining
10. Today, a chocolate _____ can produce many different products. A chocolate factory might make candy bars, cocoa powder, chocolate-chip cookies, and lots of other delicious treats.
- A. gourmet
 - B. compound
 - C. manufacturer
 - D. provision

